Exploratory study on consumers purchases intention of Organic Foods.

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Abstract

The concept of Organic food is not new, it has been in the existence for a very long time, even for that matter many researchers have rightly claimed that the organic food has been the integral part of our life. In the last eight to ten years the importance of organic food and its utility is gaining the momentum, as awareness towards organic food has increased immensely especially in tier-01 city, and slowly in tier -02 cities. The notion behind this study to identify various factors that serves as a influencer for igniting purchase intention towards organic food (products). The focal point of the study is to evaluate nexus between purchase intention and purchase attributes such as Availability, Price Premium, Trust Factors, Relative Utility Factor & Social media influence. A close ended questionnaire was created and subsequently distributed among consumers among 320, out of which 284 responses were positively collected. The data were tested with the help of Exploratory factor analysis using SPSS 25. The result reveal that all the considered attributes such as Availability, Price Premium, Trust Factors, Relative Utility Factor & Social media influence had a significant impacts in igniting purchase intention for organic food.

Keywords: Purchase Intention, Availability, Price Premium, Trust Factors, Relative Utility Factor & Social media influence.

Organic Food Market In India

The Indian food market for organic food pegged at whopping value of US\$ 815 Million in 2020, IMARC, IFAD has predicted around 42% growth during the 2022 -2026. The organic food is basically a agricultural produce or altered products which are neither grown with the help of any pesticides, herbicides, any antibiotics, growth hormones nor it is genetically modified. Organic food are basically a products which are free from any chemical usage, pesticides etc. The organic food is categorised into many types such as agricultural produce, organic altered/ processed products, organic dairy products, organic beverages, organic bread and bakery, organic meat and poultry or even organic fish etc. Rising health concern has triggered the increased inclination of Indian consumers towards organic food. as the consumers become more and more focusing on nutrients value and the quality of food, hence there is swift rise in organic food demand. moreover there are some other factors such as increased income, spending power, urbanization, so spending on health as well as wellness have increased tremendously in recent years especially after the strike of deadly corona pandemic that acknowledged the significance of good quality food with nutrients content. The government has also an important role to play to boost the organic food concept in Indian consumers mind. Local, state as well as central government are enthusiastically promoting and endorsing organic food by providing needed subsidiary and other such benefits to encourage the organic food market to grow in double digit pace. some of the schemes that government has undertaken such as Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH), National Food Security Mission (NFSM), National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA), Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY) etc.

Literature Review

According to Gupta (2009) main factors that affects the food purchase decision in Indian consumers is health concern. during his survey with 326 respondents from Uttar Pradesh he found that health is considered to be a main concern behind Indian consumers buying organic food. while Ali, kapoor and Moorthy (2010) undertaken study to understand the preferences of consumers and buying behaviour towards food products. As per Gracia and Magistris (2002) consumers intention to purchase depends on income, attitude, and awareness of organic food. Makatouni (2002), claimed that purchasing intention behind organic food is attributed o health. As per Nayana sharma and Dr. Ritu Singhavi, the availability in the market has a great impacts on buying behaviour for organic food. According to Sharma price is one of the integral aspects that influence buying intention when it comes to organic food as price premium is integral part of organic food. Vishal kumar Laheri and Purushottam Kumar Arya has claimed in their survey that governments awareness programme play a very vital role in increasing awareness and igniting buying intention for organic food products. They also of opinion that Premium price and availability acts as positive and negative factors for buying behaviour of organic food so it is necessary to address this factors so that these should turn out to be positive aspects to boosts more acceptability towards organic food. As per S. Suganya and Dr. Saravinth, awareness towards organic food has significantly increased and consumers are willing to buy organic food as it is affordable and easily available. Brijesh kumar (2018) claimed that social media has a great role to influence the purchase intention for organic food in recent years. According to Sivathanu along with various demographic factors, Trust factor is also one of the important for that influence buying intention for organic food. Dr. Shiny Chib, (2019), the organic food can be considered as a immunity boosting agents as it is a rich source of minerals, vitamins and is free from hazardous chemicals, herbicides, pesticides.

Objective

The study aimed at evaluating the Purchase intention. The research tries to evaluate the nexus between purchase intention and identified purchase attributes for engaging potential customers in organic food segments.

Research Methodolgy

The present study intends to evaluate the relationship between purchase attributes and purchase intention. The study uses Primary data by using close ended questionnaire that includes questions pertaining to study. The study was carried out from Feb 2022 to March 2022. Respondents include consumers who opt organic food products, selected using simple random sampling technique. An online questionnaire having 32 questions was prepared and distributed to 320 respondents of various age group through online and out of 320 only 284 respondents were analysed. Five-point Likert scale was employed to collect the perception of consumers with respect to purchase intention where one indicates strongly disagree and five indicates strongly agree. The data was collected and coded in a systematic way after which was analysed using SPSS 25. Questionnaire consisted of total 32 questions.

Table 1

Reliability Statistics				
Cronbach's Alpha	N of Items			
.879	32			

In order to confirm the internal consistency of questionnaire that was floated, a croanbach's alpha in SPSS -25 was used. As the accepted rule is that an alpha values must range from 0.6 -0.7, that is considered to be acceptable level of reliability, as the alpha value in table no. 1 shows the value of alpha that is greater than 0.6 i.e. **0.879** hence it is acceptable.

Data Analysis

Table 2: Demographic Profile of the Respondents (N=284)

Profile	No. of	%
	Respondents	
Gender		•
Male	89	31.33%
Female	195	68.66%
AGE		•
18-30	26	9.15%
30-40	65	22.88%
40-60	101	35.56%
60 and above	92	32.39%
Education		
Master's Degree	137	48.23%
Bachelor's Degree	147	51.76%
Income Cluster		•
1.5 to 3.5 Lacks	69	24.29%
3.5 to 5.5 Lacks	102	35.91%
5.5 to 10 Lacks	113	39.78%
Current Employement	·	•
Private service	81	28.52%
Self employed	46	16.19%
Retired	65	22.88%
Housewife	92	32.39%
Social Media Usage		•
Facebook	119	41.90%
Instagram	68	23.94%
Linked in	42	14.78%
YouTube	55	19.36%
	1	

From table no.2, the major chunk of respondents are female i.e. (68.66%) while male constitute around (31.33%) having master degree (48.23%) and Bachelor's degree (51.76%). The age group cluster comprises 18-30 has (9.15%), 30-40 has (22.88%), 40-60 has (35.56%) and for age group 60 and above is (32.39%). The income cluster comprise 1.5 -3.5 is (24.29%), for 3.5-5.5 is (35.91%) and for income group falls under 5.5 -10 lacks is (39.78%). As far as the type of employment is concern, the private job holders is (28.52%), self employed is (16.19%)., the retired group is (22.88%) and the housewife is (32.39%). The social media usage comprises as For Facbook (41.90%), Instagram (23.94%), LinkedIn (14.78%) and YouTube (19.36%).

Purchase Intention of Organic Food

The current study is undertaken to understand the perception of consumers towards organic foods. The survey that was conducted covered the various factors such as Availability, Price Premium, Trust Factors, Relative Utility Factor & Social media influence and their relationship with buying behaviours of consumers. so to explore this relationship, a exploratory factor analysis (EFA) was done for evaluating the questionnaires with respect to purchase intention for organic foods. After EFA the items that have below 0.50 factor loading are deleted. To check the adequacy and spericity of data, a KMO (Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin) and Bartlett's test obtained that is 0.784. as it is above 0.5 so it is acceptable. hence the factor analysis was applied.

KMO and Bartlett's Test

Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy		.784
Bartlett's Test of Sphericity	Approx. Chi-Square	262.967
	df.	105
	sig.	000
	315.	

Exploratory Factors Analysis

Factor	Statement	Initia1	Communality
	Hassle free access to organic food store	1	.732
	Readily available in online and in	1	.640
Availability	physical store in vicinity.		
	Availability of information regarding	1	.525
	organic food impacts on health		
	Premium price ensures good quality	1	.730
	products		
Premium Price	For me, paying premium price leads to	1	.585
	satisfaction		
	Govt. Exhaustive promotion creates trust	1	.793
	factor for purchase		
	Organic food labels creates trust	1	.550
Trust Factor	Locally produced goods creates trust in	1	.646
	me		
	Health is a prime concern especially after	1	.631
	Corona		
	Change in life style, eating habits,	1	.722
	anxiety, work pressure leads to become		
	more health conscious.		
Relative Utility	Organic food helps me to manage my	1	.690
	health more efficiently		
	Swadeshi Touch is another factor to	1	.679
	ignite buying		
	Frequent updates and related	1	.480

	information on social media leads to		
Social media influence	purchase		
	Related Blogs on social media have a	1	.688
	major role to play in my purchase		
	decision.		
	Likes and dislikes on social media also	1	.767
	influence my purchase intentions		

(Table -4)

Table no 04 states the communality value. Researcher asked five questions pertaining to availability out of which three are retained, For Premium Pricing, total six questions were asked, out of which three have been retained, for Trust Factor, four questions were asked of which only two are retained, For Relative utility out of six only four have been retained, and for Social Media Influence, only three have been retained out of five questions that were asked.

Table 5: Total Variance Explained

Componen		Initial Eigen	values	Extraction Sums of			Rotation Sums of Squared		
t				Squared Loadings			Loadings		
	Total	% of Variance	Cumulativ e %	Total	% of Varianc e	Cumula tiv e %	Total	% of Variance	Cumulat iv e %
1	2.425	16.165	16.165	2.425	16.165	16.165	2.425	16.165	16.165
2	1.534	10.227	26.392	1.534	10.227	26.392	1.534	10.227	26.392
3	1.449	9.661	36.053	1.449	9.661	36.053	1.449	9.661	36.053
4	1.236	8.241	44.294	1.236	8.241	44.294	1.236	8.241	44.294
5	1.180	7.870	52.163	1.180	7.870	52.163	1.180	7.870	52.163
6	1.026	6.841	59.004	1.026	6.841	59.004	1.026	6.841	59.004
7	1.005	6.700	65.704	1.005	6.700	65.704	1.005	6.700	65.704
8	.901	6.010	71.714						
9	.755	5.033	76.746						
10	.740	4.936	81.682						
11	.725	4.835	86.517						
12	.678	4.518	91.035						
13	.524	3.491	94.526						
14	.484	3.229	97.755						
15	.337	2.245	100.000						

(Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.)

Table 5 shows the percentage of variance of the four extracted factors. Factor I explained 16.16% of total variance, Factor II explained 10.22%, Factor III explained 9.66 % and Factor IV explained 8.24%, Factor V explained 7.87%, Factor VI explained 6.84% and Factor VII explained 6.70 of total variance respectively. Total variance explained by the convergence of 15 statements into 7 factors is 65.70% so other components amounting to 34.3% exist contributes towards consumers purchase intention of organic food.

Component	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	.604	.526	.367	162	.243	.222	.298
2	.305	133	.367	.773	381	107	026
3	042	569	.624	186	.448	220	.020
4	.419	368	244	.070	.244	.572	488
5	301	252	.096	.069	151	.668	.602
6	522	.427	.360	.266	.266	.296	432
7	031	.022	378	.511	.665	170	.352

Component Transformation Matrix

Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis.

Rotation Method: Varimax with Kaiser Normalization.

Conclusion & Recommendation

In order to accommodates potential consumers in organic food segments, the marketers need to bring about the changes or the innovation by taking into consideration various factor that have direct or indirect impacts on buying behaviour of end consumers, as conventional market is more prominent to compete. The marketers have to take into account that the awareness through social media is also one of the factor that can be utilised in such a way so as to tap the potential consumers in organic food segments. The trust factors of being organic, the efforts taken up by local authority would also be a deciding factors for boosting market for organic foods. The consumers have the willingness to pay a premium prices associated organic foods, so it cannot be a cause of concern for marketers. However the social media has a significant role to play in igniting purchase decision, like many consumers follow the blogs and even the likes and dislikes would also ignite their crave for purchasing organic food because they feel that it is a good quality food products that they relate with their health aspect. Finally the availability of such organic foods is a challenge in many areas, like if we compare tier 1 city the availability is more rather than tier 2 city, so this gap can be filled with the help of making them available in stores in the vicinity and also through online mode which is most preferred mode of buying in tier 2 cities also.

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